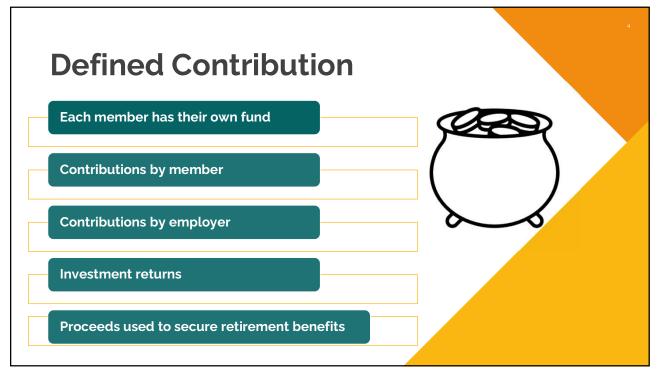
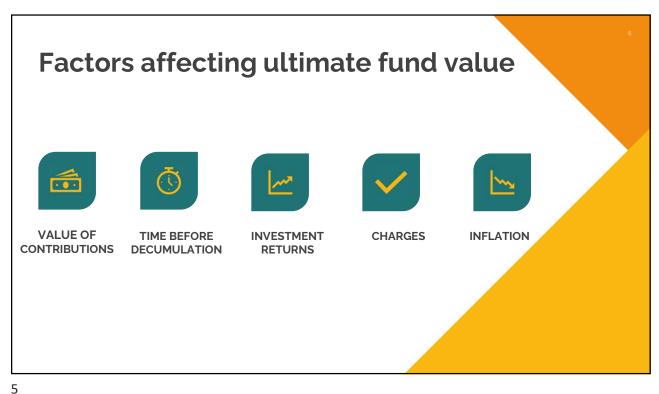
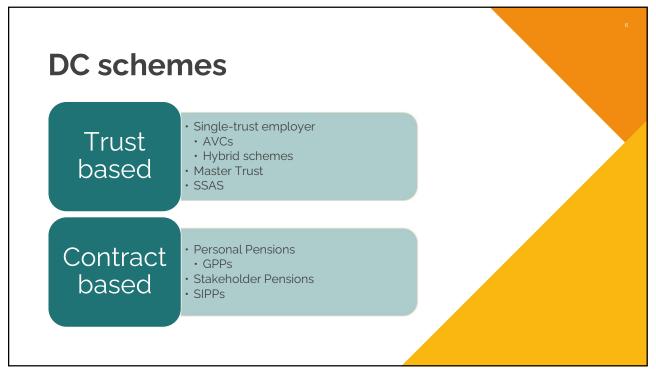


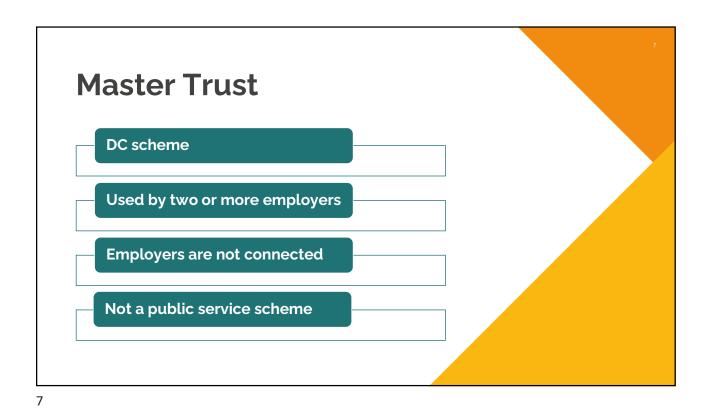
Andy Seed
Strategic Adviser & DC specialist
Pensions Management Institute











Benefits of a Master Trust

Economies of scale

Reduced management charges

Centralised Governance

Centralised Administration



Defined Benefit (DB) vs
Defined Contribution (DC)

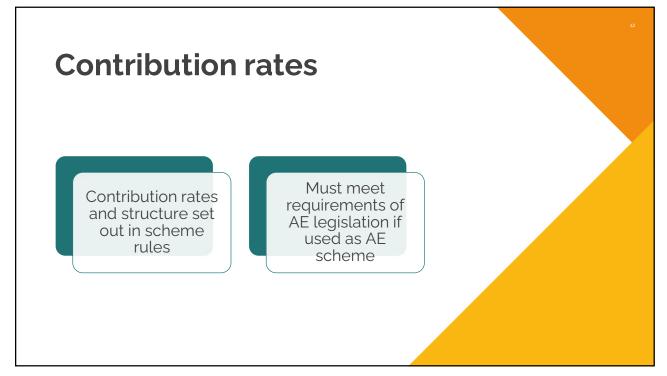
DB

• Known benefit
• Unknown cost
• Investment risk
entirely borne by
employer

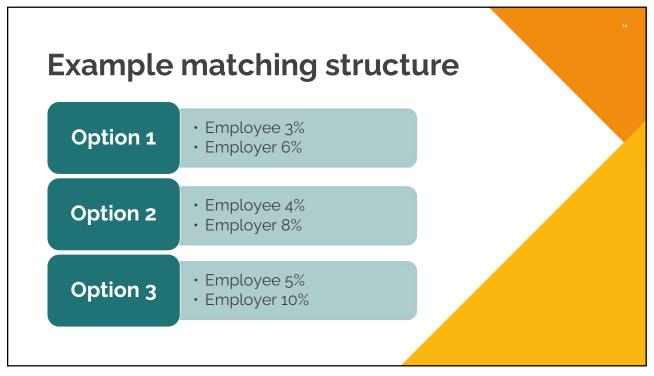
DC

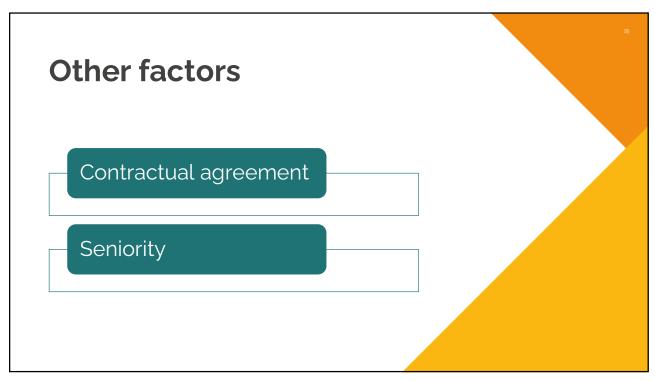
• Unknown benefit
• Known cost
• Investment risk
entirely borne by
member



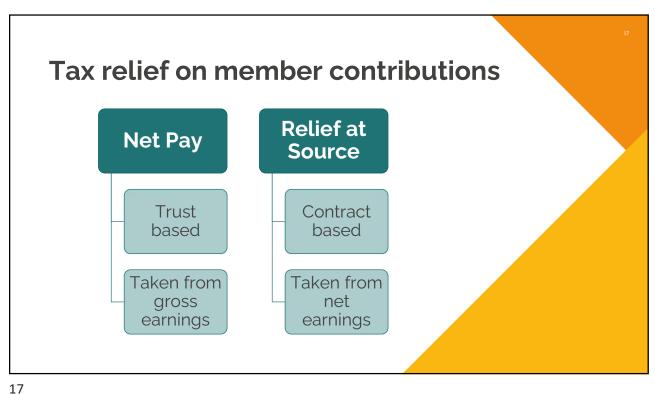












Tax relief: Net Pay vs Relief at Source

	Net Pay	Relief at Source
Gross pay	£2,000	£2,000
Pension contribution	£100	nil
Pay after contribution	£1,900	£2,000
Tax	£380	£400
Net pay	£1,520	£1,600
Pension contribution	Nil	£80
Take-home pay	£1,520	£1,520

Under RAS, HMRC makes a tax refund of £20 to the pension provider to gross the total contribution back up to £100.



All employer contributions are made gross

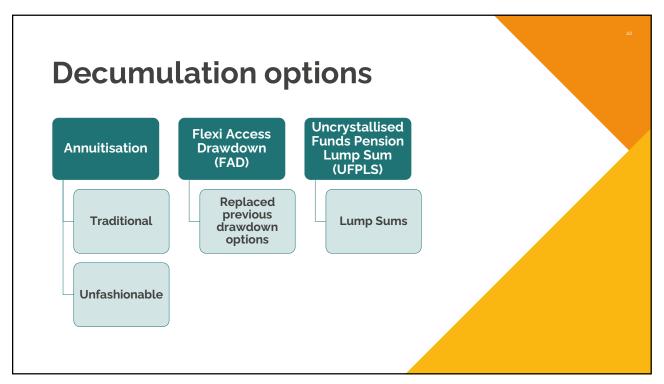
Salary Sacrifice

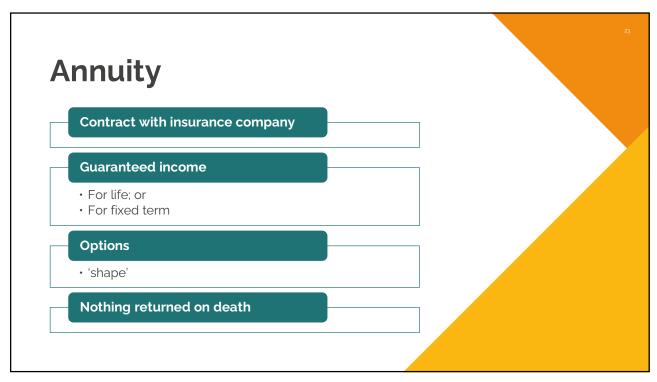
19

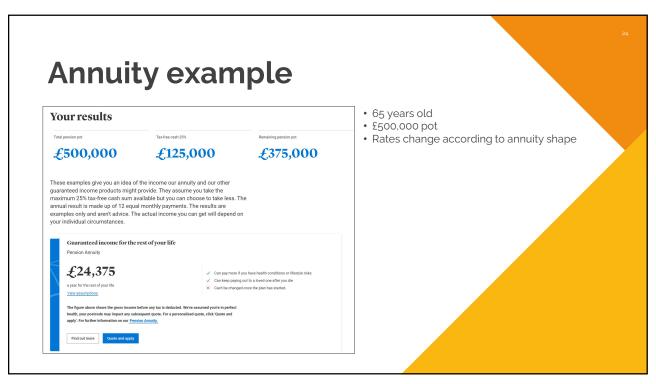
Decumulation

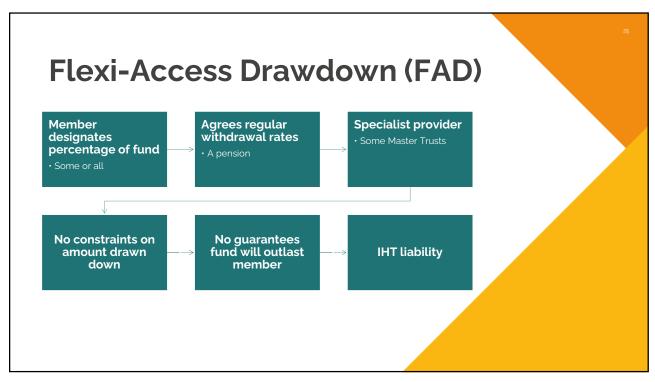
Decumulation options Taxation of Pensions Act 2014 Three options Can be combined Trustees have no statutory duties Guidance from Pension Wise

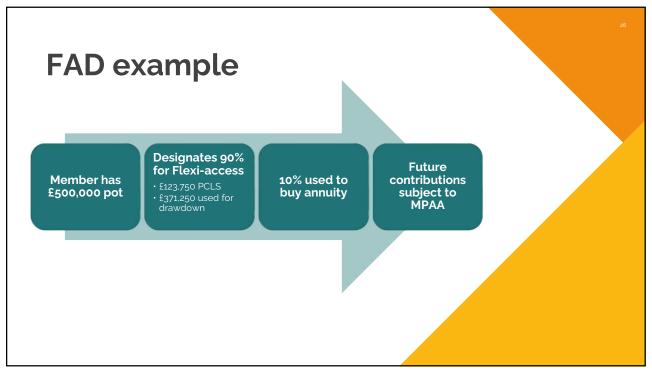
21













Uncrystallised Funds Pension Lump Sum (UFPLS)

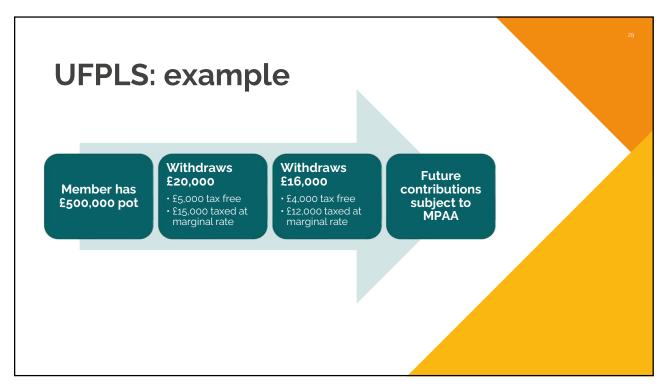
Single or series of Lump Sum withdrawals

• Not regular withdrawals

Provider may restrict frequency

• First 25% tax free
• Remainder taxed at member's highest marginal rate

27

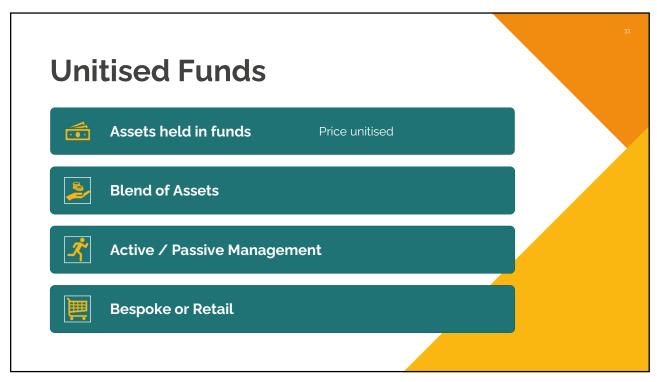




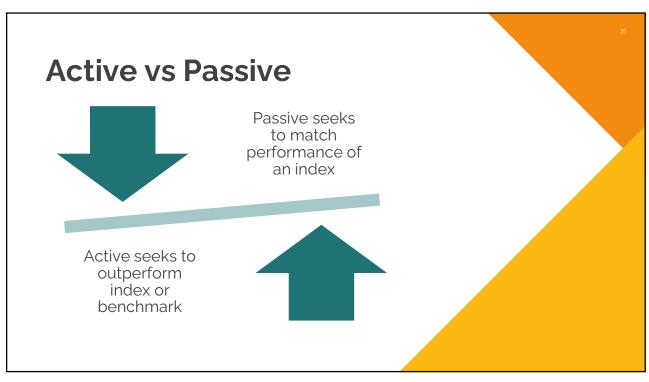
Money Purchase Annual Allowance **MPAA** applies **Event UFPLS** Yes FAD commences Yes Temporary / Flexible annuity Yes Pre-2015 capped drawdown but payments Yes exceed cap Lifetime Annuity No FAD designated but not commenced No Trivial commutation No

31









Active vs Passive Active Expensive Outperformance Difficult to manage Manager expertise essential Passive Low cost Tracks index Follows index structure Stock selection driven by index composition

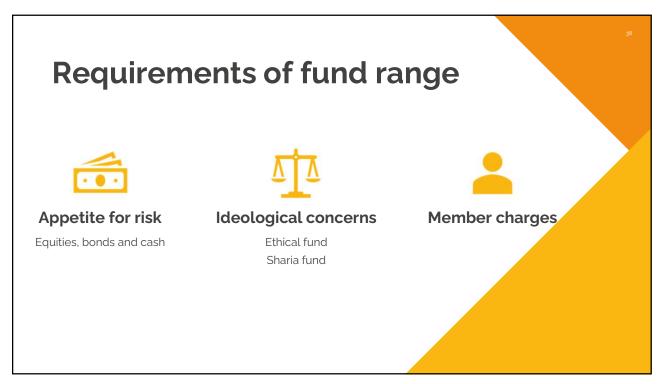
Fund range **Master Trust** · Bespoke funds

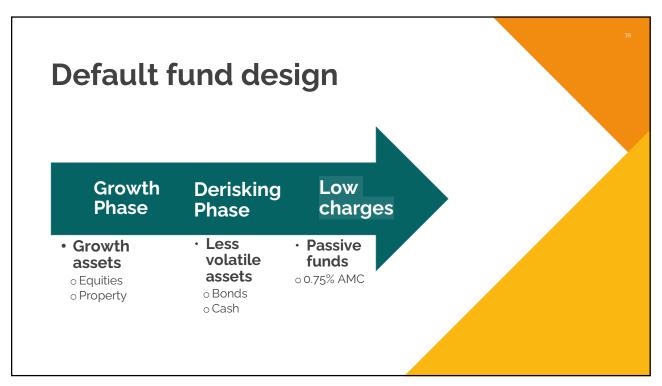
- Typically, 6 8

Smaller schemes

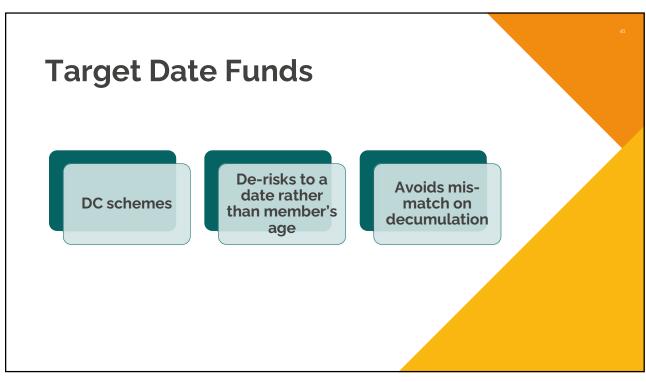
• May be full range of retail funds

37









Importance of Default Fund

"94% of group personal pension (GPP) members and 99.7% of master trust members were invested in their scheme's default fund as of 2017."



Purpose

Transparency

Demonstrates trustees' attention to DC investments within the scheme

Compliance

Must be included in the Annual Return

