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CHAIR QUESTIONS (Chairing & Board Leadership) (Questions in this section assume the professional trustee chairs the trustee board)

- 1. One trustee is often silent in meetings and says nothing. Do you:
 - a) Accept the situation
 - b) Ask for views of all trustees
 - c) Ask the silent trustee specifically for his/her view
 - d) Ask another trustee to check that the silent trustee understands
- 2. Two trustees are silent when a detailed question of investment strategy is being discussed. Do you:
 - a) Allow the discussion to proceed to conclusion
 - b) Ask if there are any questions of clarification
 - c) Ask if everyone understands the proposal
 - d) Confront the silent trustees for their views
- 3. The investment adviser suggests a complex proposal to the trustee board which is new. Do you:
 - a) Allow the paper to go forward
 - b) Suggest a training session on the concept prior to consideration of the paper
 - c) Check the level of understanding of fellow trustees
 - d) Have a detailed discussion with the adviser
- 4. You are a new chair. The agenda for the forthcoming meeting is circulated to all trustees by the scheme actuary. Do you:
 - a) Overlook this even though it is not normal practice
 - b) Ask the scheme actuary to get the agenda approved by you in advance
 - c) Ask the scheme Secretary to raise the issue with the scheme actuary
 - d) Create your own agenda

NEGOTIATION, CONFLICTS AND RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT (Negotiation, Managing Conflicts of Interest and Relationship Building)

- As a professional trustee on a board you are aware of a conflict of interest which another trustee has. But the conflict has not been declared to the meeting. Do you:
 a) Challenge the potentially conflicted trustee in the meeting.
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 - b) Ask to see the conflicts register and for trustees to confirm whether or not they have any conflicts on the issue
 - c) Accept the situation
 - d) Discuss with the trustee before the meeting
- 2. An Employer Nominated Trustee always argues the Sponsor perspective in trustee meetings. Do you:
 - a) Accept this as the Sponsor makes significant contributions to the scheme
 - b) Argue a different member-orientated perspective
 - c) Ask the Employer Nominated Trustee whether what is being proposed is in the members' best interests so that the other trustees, and you, can voice your views
 - d) Remind the board of their duties especially around conflicts
- 3. The investment adviser is suggesting a move to fiduciary management and has suggested his firm and two others are considered. Do you:
 - a) Accept the suggestion
 - b) Suggest the trustee board looks at the regulatory guidelines for such an appointment
 - c) Suggest someone agreed as suitable to run the selection process who is not associated with the investment adviser
 - d) Suggest a training session on the concept
- 4. There are two differing and entrenched views on the trustee board on a particular issue which needs to be resolved. Do you:
 - a) allow the arguments to run in the trustee meeting
 - b) present an alternative position
 - c) suggest an offline discussion facilitated by you
 - d) suggest a training session on the issue

PROBLEM SOLVING AND DECISION MAKING (Professional trustee problem solving and decision making skills)

- 1. You are on a board, advice has been received on an investment proposal, but the board does not feel able to make a decision. Do you resolve this by:
 - a) leaving the investment strategy as it is
 - b) calling a vote
 - c) asking what is preventing a decision and construct a plan
 - d) suggesting some more training on the subject
- 2. You are a trustee on a board and the chair does not manage to draw a discussion to a conclusion. You need to progress. Do you:
 - a) let matters continue
 - b) suggest a round up of views and a vote
 - c) suggest delegation to you and the chair to resolve
 - d) defer to a later meeting
- 3. The trustee board appears to be having difficulty in taking a particular topic forward and does not appear to understand the issues. The time taken is increasing costs. Do you:
 - a) wait for the board to arrive at a decision to progress
 - b) suggest a training session to enable the board to be better equipped to make a decision
 - c) suggest delegated authority to the chair and yourself although that has been resisted in the past
 - d) discuss an alternative approach to the proposal
- 4. You are a professional trustee on a board which is considering moving to a fiduciary management model. The investment adviser suggests three candidates including their own firm, and after paper submissions suggests their own firm's offering is best. Do you:
 - a) Accept the advice as the investment adviser has always been reliable in the past
 - b) Suggest that the recommendation is reviewed by a third party adviser
 - c) Suggest that the process is checked and facilitated by an independent third party
 - d) Review the investment adviser's appointment